# UNIVERSITY OF LUCKNOW DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

#### Ph. D. Course Work

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#### OBJECT!VES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to -

- · Explain and compare the various types of research methods
- · Conduct the research in their area of interest
- · Prepare research proposal
- · Develop the research tools
- Apply appropriate and advanced statistical techniques in analyzing the data
- · Interpret the research findings.
- · Write the research report.

#### SYLLABUS:

#### Part- A: Theory Papers

There shall be two papers.

Paper-I: Research Methodology

Paper-II: Qualitative & Quantitative Research and Data Analysis

#### Part- B: Activities

- Preparation of Research Proposal
- II. Development of Research Tool
- Assignment based on Theme Paper/ Research Area of interest
- IV Assignment based on Computer usage in research
- V Assignment based on Review of Related Literature

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION:

- I Two theory papers to be evaluated through Internal assessment and Written Examination of 100 (30+70) marks each.
- 2. Preparation and presentation of Research Proposal to be evaluated through viva-voce of 50 marks.
- 3 Development and presentation of Research Tool to be evaluated through Viva voce of 50 marks
- Assignment based on Theme Paper/ Research Area of interest, computer usage in research and Review of Related Literature to be evaluated by the teachers concern through Grade from A to E.

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# STANDARD OF PASSING

- The candidate must obtain at least 50% marks in each theory paper seperately
- Minimum passing marks in Preparation of Research Proposal and Development of Research Tool activities shall also be 50%
- The candidate must obtain at least "C' grade in Computer usage in research and Review of Related Literature activities

# Paper-I: Research Methodology

## Unit-I

Basic Characteristics of Science and Scientific Method, Positivistic Paradigm, Meaning and Definition of Research and Educational Research, Types of Research, Approaches to Research Qualitative & Quantitative, Selection & writing of a Research Problem, Writing Objectives of the Study Formulation of the Hypotheses, Delimitation of the Study, Conducting and Reporting the Review of Related Literature, Common Errors in Research

#### Unit-II

Sampling: Population and Sample, Need of Sampling, Sampling Unit, Sampling Frame, Sampling Error & Bias, Probability & Non-Probability Sampling Methods and Sample Size Process of Development of Measurement Tools: Difference between Assessment, Measurement and Evaluation, Characteristics of a good Tool, Tools of Measurement Test State Interview Schedule, Observation Schedule and Questionnaire, Steps of Development of Tools and Standardization

#### Unit-III

Tests, Hypothesis Testing: One & Two tailed Tests, Deciding Level of Significance, and Errors in Hypothesis Testing. Type-II arrors

#### Unit-IV

Preparing a Research Proposal, Deciding Chapters of Research Report, Research Report writing, common Errors in Research Report writing, Presentation of Content, Tables, Graphs and Appendices, Footnotes, References and Bibliography, Research Ethics and Plagiarism Use of Computer in Research: Preparation of Tables, Graphs and Curves, Searching Related Literature online, Power Point preparation, Use of EXCEL and SPSS in Data Analysis: Data entry testing underlying Assumptions, Running the Tests, Editing and Exporting the output, Writing interpretation

# Paper-II: Qualitative & Quantitative Research and Data Analysis

### Unit-1 Qualitative Research-I

Qualitative Research: Meaning, Definition, Characteristics and Need

Qualitative Research Approaches: Interpretivism, Phenomenology, Heuristic Method, Historical Research, Philosophical Research, and Content Analysis (with special reference to Research Proposal, Sampling, Tools, Data generation & Analysis, and Report writing).

Cautions and Cares in Qualitative Research

#### Unit-II

## Qualitative Research-II

Qualitative Research Approaches: Naturalistic Enquiry, Ethnography, Ethno- methodology, Grounded Theory Methodology, Focus Group Discussion, Symbolic Interactionism (with special reference to Research Proposal, Sampling, Tool, Data generation & Analysis, and Report writing).

Nexus with conventional terms in reference to data and findings: Trustworthiness vs. Validity, Credibility vs. Internal Validity, Transferability vs. External Validity, Dependability vs. Reliability. Conformability vs. Objectivity, Conviction of Researcher in his/her Research

#### Unit-III

#### Quantitative Research

Quantitative Research: Meaning, Definition, Characteristics and Need Descriptive Research: Meaning, Definition, Characteristics and Nature, Types of Surveys Status Survey, Normative and Casual-Comparative Survey, Developmental Survey, Longitudinal & Cross Sectional Study, Correlation and Predictive Study, Follow up and Trend Study Experimental Research and Experimental Designs: Meaning and Definition, Characteristics, Methods of Control, Types of Experimental Design: Pre, True and Quasi Experimental Designs Factors affecting Internal and External Validity of Experimental Design

#### Unit-IV

#### Application of Statistics in Data Analysis

Descriptive Statistics: Definition and Applications of Mean, Standard Deviation, Coefficient of Variance, Percentiles

Correlation and Correlation Coefficient: Meaning, Types and Interpretation Methods of Correlation Coefficient: Linear, Partial and Multiple correlation

Regression Analysis: Simple and Multiple Regression Equations, Contribution of independent

variables in Prediction of dependent variable

Parametric Statistics: t- test, One & Two way ANOVA with equal and unequal cell size, One & Two way ANCOVA of equal and unequal cell size (Assumptions, Computation & Interpretation) Non Parametric Statistics: Chi-square test, man Whitney U test, Friedman Analysis of Variance