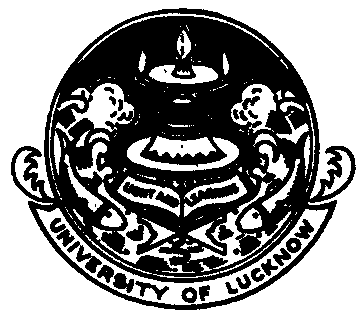
REVISED CURRICULUM

**M. A. IN CRIMINOLOGY AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE ADMINISTRATION**



**DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL WORK**

**UNIVERSITY OF LUCKNOW**

**LUCKNOW**

**(2017-2018)**

**Title**

The Tiltle of the Course Shall be “Master of Arts in Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration”

**Duration**

The Duration of the course shall be two years, spread in fours semester

**Objective**

The aim of the Course is to impart knowledge and develop skills relating to application of criminological and penological thoughts in the administration of criminal justice system.

**Seats**

The Number of students to be admitted in the course shall be 40 seats

**Eligibility**

Any Graduate of any recognized university with 45% marks for general category and minimum 40% for SC/ST. Shall be eligible for admission in the course.

**Admission Police and Procedure**

Admission shall be made as per admission Policy (including reservation of seats) of Lucknow will be followed.

**Fees**

Fees will be charged as per the University fees structure. Each selected student shall be required to come for counseling along with a Bank Draft and original copies of Certificates, Marksheet, Degree and etc.

**Course Contents**

In the first year, each admitted student shall be required to study **five theory papers** and undertake the prescribed **field work in local institutions in the area of Criminal Justice Administration.** In the **second year**, there will be three compulsory papers, one optional paper and one seminar paper/dissertation. In addition, there will be field work also as in part I. The educational tour will be organized at the end of the IIIrd semester. The nomenclature of prescribed paper in each year of the course is as under.

**Semester- wise Syllabus**

**Semester I**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Paper Code** | **Paper** | **Subject Paper** |  |
| CCJA-101 | Paper I | Foundation of Criminology | Core Compulsory |
| CCJA-102 | Paper II | Theories of Crime |
| CCJA-103 | Paper III | Criminal Justice System |
| CCJA-104 | Paper IV | Contemporary Era Crime |
| CCJA-105 | Paper V | Application of Statistics in Research |

***Semester II***

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***Paper Code*** | ***Paper*** | ***Subject Paper*** |  |
| *CCJA-201* | *Paper I* | *Criminal Laws and Procedure* | Core Compulsory |
| *CCJA-202* | *Paper II* | *Crime and Social Legislations* |
| *CCJA-203* | *Paper III* | *Psychology of Crime* |
| *CCJA-204* | *Paper IV* | *Penology and Correctional Administration* |
| *CCJA-205* | *Paper V* | *Research Methodology* |

**Semester III**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***Paper Code*** | ***Paper*** | ***Subject Paper*** |  |
| *CCJA-301* | *Paper I* | Introduction to Human Rights | *Core Compulsory* |
| *CCJA-302* | *Paper II* | Rights of Vulnerable Groups |
| *CCJA-303* | *Paper III* | Crime Analysis |
| *CCJA-304* | *Paper IV (a)* | Introduction to Police | Core Specialization/Anyone  (Elective) |
| *CCJA-305* | *Paper IV (b)* | Juvenile Justice |
| *CCJA-306* | *Paper IV (b)* | Human Rights and Criminal Justice System |

**Semester IV**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***Paper Code*** | ***Paper*** | ***Subject Paper*** |  |
| *CCJA-401* | *Paper I* | Victimology | *Core Compulsory* |
| *CCJA-402* | *Paper II* | Crime Prevention and Management |
| *CCJA-403* | *Paper III* | Forensic Science |
| *CCJA-404* | *Paper IV (a)* | Cyber Crime and Cyber Laws | Core Specialization/Anyone  (Elective) |
| *CCJA-405* | *Paper IV (b)* | Investigation and Detection of Crime |
| *CCJA-406* | *Paper IV (b)* | Security Management |

**Field Work**

Each Student shall be required to undertake Field Work assignment through placement in local Criminal justice Institution/Organisation/Agency as prescribed by the Director of the course.

**Project Report**

Each student shall be required to prepare a Seminar Paper/Dissertation on a theme (to be decided in consultation with the faculty) concerning the area of Criminal Justice Administration to be submitted before the commencement of the examination of the fourth semester.

**Evaluation**

As per the University rules

Session/Semester-wise distribution of marks is as under:

Ist Semester 500 marks (100 for each paper)

IInd Semester 500 marks (100 for each paper)

100 marks for Field Work Viva-Voice

IIIrd Semester 400 marks (100 for each paper inclusive of the optional one)

100 marks for Seminar/Dissertation

IVth Semester 400 marks (100 for each paper inclusive of the optional one)

100 marks for General Viva-Voice

100 marks for Field Work (Viva-Voice)

***CCJA-101: Paper I*** ***Foundation of Criminology***

**Unit I Introduction to Criminology**

* Definition of Criminology
* Nature and Scope of Criminology
* Criminology Relations with other Social Sciences such as Sociology, Psychology, Law, Anthropology and etc
* Relevance of Criminology to Contemporary Society

**Unit II Introduction to Crime**

* Concept, Nature and Characteristics of Crime
* Definition of Crime – Social, Psychological and Legal Approaches
* Classification of Crimes
* Classification of Offences under I.P.C

**Unit III Crime Statistics**

* Conceptual Analysis and Sources of Crime Statistics
* Crime Statistics in India
* Dark figures of Crime (Hidden crimes) and Victimization Survey
* Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics (UCR) and National Crime Victimization Surveys (NCVS)

**Unit IV Crime Prevention**

* Fear of Crime and Sense of Security
* Social Control and Crime Prevention
* Community Approach in Crime Prevention
* Contemporary Crime Prevention Strategies

***Suggested Reading***

* Ahmed Siddique, 1993, Criminology, Problems and Perspectives, III Edn. Eastern Book House, Lucknow.
* Crime in India published by National Crime Record Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs, Delhi
* Harry Elmer Barnes and Negley K. Teeters, 1966, New Horizons in Criminology, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
* Mc Laughlin Eugene and Muncil John, 2001, The Sage Dictionary of Criminology, Sage Publication – London, Thousand Oaks, New Delhi.
* Paranjape NV, 2002, Criminology and Penology, 2nd edition, Central Law Publication, Allahabad, U.P.
* Reid Sue Titus, 2006, Crime and Criminology, Mc Graw Hill Publishers.
* Schrnalleger J Frank, 1999, Criminology Today: An Integrative Introduction, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.

***CCJA-102: Paper II Theories of Crime***

**Unit I Pre-Classical, Classical, and Neo-classical**

* Pre classical ideas - Demonology
* Classical Theories - Ideas of Bentham and Beccaria
* Neo-classical Theories – Ideas of Golly Garaud, Rossi and Prof. Gillin
* Importance of Classical School, Neo-classical School and its Criticism

**Unit II Positivism in Criminology**

* Anthropological Theories: Cesare Lombroso, Enrico Ferri, Rafael Garafalo
* Morphological Theories: Kretschmer, Hooton, Sheldon
* Biological Theories: Family-Genetics, Chromosomes and Genes- Study of twins and family trees -Kallikas, Jukes.
* Psychological Theory in Causation of Crime

**Unit III Sociological Theories- I**

* Cartographic School: Adolf Quetlet, Peter Kropotkin, Andre Michel Guerry and Culture Conflict Theory: Thorsten Selling, Albert Cohen’s Subculture Theory
* Chicago School of Crime: Park & Burgess – Shaw and Mckay
* Theories of Crime Related to Anomie: Emile Durkheim’s and Robert K Merton’s Contribution
* Opportunity Theory: Richard Cloward & Liyod Ohlin, Routine Activity Approach: Cohen & Felson, Broken Windows Theory: James Q. Wilson & George L. Kelling

**Unit IV Sociological Theories -II**

* Labelling Theory, Shame and Re-integrative Theory-Braithwaite
* Rational Choice Theory, Social Learning Theory: Sutherland’ Differential Association Theory- Aker’s Social Learning Theory
* Radical Criminology: Meaning, Scope and Relevance. Left Radical View – Richard Quinney, Erickson - Critical Theory – Tailor, Walton and Young, Feminist theory, Multi-Factor Approach
* Control Theory: Reiss and Nye, Containment Theory: Reckless

**Suggested Readings**

* Ahuja Ram, 2000, Criminology, Rawat Publications.
* Akers, Ronald. L and Sellers. Christine S, 2004. Criminological Theories: Introduction, Evaluation and Application, Roxbury Pub. Com
* Burke, Roger Hopkins 2—3, Introduction to criminological theory Lawman (India) Pvt. Ltd.
* Cullen FT, 2003, Criminological Theories, Roxbury Publications.
* E.H. Sutherland, 1968, Principles of Criminology (6th Edition), Times of India Press, Bombay.
* Hagan, Frank E, 2008, Introduction Criminology, Sage Publications, Inc.
* Mamoria, C.B. 1961, Social Problems and Social Disorganization in India, Kitab Mahal Allahabad.
* Mehrajud-din Mir. 1984, Crime and Criminal Justice System in India, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi.
* Paranjape N.V., 2009, Criminology and Penology, Central Law Publications.
* Qadri, S.M.A. 2005, Criminology, Eastern Book Company.
* Reid, Sue Titus, 2006, Crime and Criminology. Mc. Graw Hill Publishers.

***CCJA-103: Paper III Criminal Justice System***

**Unit-I** **Introduction to Criminal Justice System**

* Criminal Justice System: Meaning, Purpose and Social Relevance
* Legislative Process and Criminal Justice System
* National and International Perspective
* Accusatorial and Inquisitorial Systems of Criminal Justice System

**Unit-II** **Police System**

* Historical Perspective of Police system in India and Police Act
* Present Indian Police Administration and Structural Organisation
* Functions of the Police
* Criticism of the Police

**Unit-III** **Judicial & Prosecution System**

* Judicial Administration in India: Presiding Officer, Prosecutor and Defence Counsel & Modern Judicial Systems: Fast Track Court, Juvenile Justice Board, Special Court
* Salient Features of Indian Judicial System: Independence, Public and Trial
* Fundamental Elements in Judicial Functioning: Due Process, Speedy Trials and Access to Justice.
* Alternative Dispute Resolution System (ADRS): Arbitration, Mediation and Counselling, Lok Adalats
* Meaning, Purpose, Relevance and Need of Prosecution System.

**Unit-IV** **Prison System**

* Prison and Prison Organization
* Objectives of Imprisonment
* Types of Prisons and Correctional Institutions in India
* Modernization of Prisons in India; Reformation & Rehabilitation approach in Prisons.

**Suggestive Readings**

* Ahuja Ram, 2000, Criminology, Rawat Publications, Delhi.
* Banerjee,D, 2005, Central Police Organizations Part I and Part II, Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
* Chaturvedi J.C, 2006, Penology and Correctional Administration, Isha Books Delhi.
* Guharoy Jay Tilak, 1999 Role of Police in Changing Society APH Publications.
* Gupta, Anand Swarup, 2007, Crime and Police in India, Sahitya Bhavan, Agra.
* Justice Malimath Committee on Criminal Justice Reforms, Universal Law Publication 2003.
* K. Padmanabhaiah Committee Police Reforms, 2001.
* Mehrajud-din Mir. 1984, Crime and Criminal Justice System in India, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi.
* Paranjape NV, 2012, Criminology and Penology with Victimology, Central Law Publications, Allahabad
* Reid, Sue Titus, 2006, Crime and Criminology. Mc. Graw Hill Publishers.
* Sharma, P.D., 1985, Police and Criminal Justice Administration in India. Uppal Publishing House in Delhi.
* Shweta, 2009, Crime, Justice and Society. MD Publications
* Srivastava Aparna, 1999, Policing in the 21st Century, Indian Institute of Police Administration.

***CCJA-104: Paper IV Contemporary Era Crime***

**Unit I White Collar and Economic Crimes**

* Meaning, Definition, Nature and Forms of White Collar Crime
* Nature, Meaning and Forms of Economic Crime
* Tax-Evasion, Import/Export Vehicles, Insurance Frauds, Bank Frauds, Misbranding and Adulteration
* Corporate Crimes. (Taught with concerned law)

**Unit II Organized Crimes**

* Definition: Organised Predactory Crime, Crime Syndicate, Criminal Racket, Political Graft
* Main Characteristics of Organized Criminals
* Terrorism & Related Organised International Crimes

**Unit III Cyber Crime**

* Concept, Meaning and Types of Cyber Crimes
* Piracy, Cyber Attack, Theft, Internet Fraud, Hacking, Spam
* Cyber Terrorism: Technical and Legal aspects
* Prevention Strategies: Cyber Security, Awareness Generation, Detection, Reporting
* Legal Measures: Prosecution and Sentencing

**Unit IV Environmental Crime**

* Nature, Significance and Forms of Environmental Crime
* Offence under Wild Life (Protection) Act
* Offence under Environment (Protection) Act
* Social and Legal Measures for Controlling Crime

***Suggested Readings***

* Sachdeva Updesh Singh, 1987, Frauders and Bankers: Prevention and Detection Techniques, UDH Publishing House, Delhi.
* Ghosh Murari, 1979, Black Money: The case of India, Subarna Rekha, Calcutta.
* Paranjapa NV, 2001, Criminology and Penology 2nd edition, Central Law
* Publication Allahabad.
* Gandhirajan CK, 2004, Organized Crime, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, Delhi.
* Singh Syrat and Singh Hemraj, 2003, Laws relating to prevention of Terrorism, Universal Law Pub. Co. Pvt. Ltd.

***CCJA-105: Paper V Application of Statistics in Research***

**Unit I**  **Descriptive Statistics**

* Measures of Central tendency: Mean, median, and mode
* Measures of Dispersion - Range, Mean Deviation and Standard Deviation
* Coefficient Correlation
* Regression

**Unit II** **Hypothesis**

* Hypothesis Testing and Confidence Interval – Definition and Characteristics
* Testing of Hypothesis :Null Hypothesis and Alternative Hypothesis
* Hypothesis Formulation , testing of Hypothesis and its importance,
* Types of error - Type I and Type II.

**Unit III** **Analysis of Variance**

* Significance of Test: ‘t’ test, ‘z’ test, ‘f’ test
* Chi-Square Test
* Analysis of Variance: ANOVA and MANOVA.

**Unit IV** **Use of Statistical Package in Social Science**

* Use of Statistical Packages for Social Sciences (SPSS) in Data Analysis.
* Data Import and Export
* Data Entry, Editing, Processing, Cross Tabulation, Chart/Bar Graph and Multivariate Analysis
* SPSS output Interpretation and Its Presentation

**Suggested Readings**

* A. N. Singh, 2013, Statistics, New Royal book Company, New Delhi
* C R Kothari, 2015, Research Methodology Methods and Techniques, New Delhi, New Age publishing.
* Choudhary, CM, 1998, Research Methodology, Subline Publications, Jaipur.
* Gupta S.P., Gupta Archana, 2005, Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
* Jupp, Victor 2000, Doing Criminological Research, Sage Publications.
* Nie, Normal H., et al. 1975, Statistical Packages for the Social Sciences, New York, McGraw Hill.
* Wilkinson and Bhandarkar, 1993, Methodology and Techniques in Social Research, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay.

**Semester II**

***CCJA-201: Paper I Criminal Laws and Procedure***

**Unit-I General Principles and Specific Offences**

* Elements of Crime: Mens Rea & Actus Reus, Elements of Criminal Liability - Principles of Group liability (Section 149, 34, 109, 120B IPC)
* Offences against Human body: Homicide, Dowry Death, Kidnapping, Abduction, Rape, Acid Attack, Human Trafficking
* Offence against Property (Theft, Robbery, Dacoity and Cheating, Criminal Breach of Trust)

**Unit-II** **General Exception in IPC & Procedural Criminal Law**

* General Exception: Necessity and Mistake, Infancy, Insanity and Intoxication, Right to Private Defence of Body, Right to Private Defence of Property
* Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Offence: FIR, Investigation, Arrest and Charge Sheet- Custody, Remand and Bail, Compoundable and Non Compundable
* Prosecution: Summon, Warrant and Search Warrant

**Unit III** **Criminal Trial**

* Summon Trials, Warrant Trials and Sessions Trial
* Right to Accused (pre sentence hearing Sec 235(2), 248(2), Fair/Speedy - Trial, Right against self incrimination- Rights of Victims (Plea Bargaining and Victim Participation) - Free Legal Aid
* Punishment under IPC
* Role of Police, Prosecution and Courts in Criminal Proceedings

**Unit-IV** **Evidence Law: Scope and Relevance**

* IEA: Introduction-Relevancy and Admissibility of Facts, Admissions and Confessions
* Relevancy of Confessions and Dying Declarations
* Expert Opinion: Appreciating Expert Evidence in Court
* Role of the Court in drawing inference from evidence, Burden of Proof, Examination in Chief and Cross Examination

**Suggested Readings**

* Basu Durga Das, 2005, Introduction to Constitution of India. 19th Ed., Wadhwa and Company Law Publishers.
* Kathuria, R.P, 2007, Law of Crimes and Criminology, Vinod Publishing House, Delhi.
* Kelkar RV 2001, Criminal Procedure, 4th Edition, Eastern Book Company.
* Kelkar, R.V., (2003) Lectures on Criminal Procedure Eastern book Co., Lucknow.
* Ratan Lal and Dhirajlal, 2002, Indian Penal Code, Wadhwa and Company Pub.
* Ratanlal and Dhiraj Lal, 2012, Law of Evidence, Wadhwa Publications.
* Ratanlal and Dhirajlal (2012) 20th Edition. Code of Criminal Procedure
* Sarathy Veppa P. (1994) Elements of Law of Evidence, Eastern book Co., Lucknow.

***CCJA-202: Paper II Crime and Social Legislations***

**Unit I Meaning and Purpose of Social Legislation**

* Concept of Social Justice
* Social Legislations interpreted by Courts in India
* Impact of social legislation on the Criminal Law in India
* Need for Reform in Social Legislations in the Indian context.

**Unit II Protection of Civil Rights Act**

1. **Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1995**

* Objectives and main Provisions of the Act
* Amendments made in the Act

1. **Bonded Labour Probhition Act, 1976**

* Meaning and Concept of Bonded labour
* Objectives and main Provisions of the Act
* Amendments made in the Act

**Unit III** **Dowry Prohibitions Act, 1961**

* Objectives and main Provisions of the Act
* Meaning, Forms, Purpose and Misuse of Act
* Amendments made in the Act.
* Complementary provisions Sec 498A, Sec 304A & B of I P C

**Unit IV Important Act**

1. The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956

* Definition and objectives of Act

1. Pre-conception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act, 1995

* Purpose and Object of the Act

1. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988 : Its impact on Society

* Nature, Meaning and Scope of the Act

1. Prevention of Atrocities Act, 1989

* Meaning, Nature and Scope of the Act

***Suggested Readings***

* Bars Acts.
* Child Labor Prohibition Act, 1986.
* Cr P C, 1999, 2003 & 2004.
* Dowry Prohibition Act, (28 of 1961).
* Pre-conception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act, 1995
* Prevention of Atrocities Act, 1989
* Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988
* Protection of Civil Rights Act 1995
* The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956
* Krishnamurty S, 1987, Impact of Social Legislations, on the Criminal Law in India, R R Publishers, Bangalore.

***CCJA-203 Paper III Psychology of Crime***

**Unit I Psychology and Crime**

* Criminal Psychology: Definition, Nature, Purpose and Scope
* Criminal Behaviour: Definition, Symptoms, Psycho-Social and Biological Determinants of Crime
* Mental Health and Criminal Behaviour: Psychopath, Drugs and Crime, Personality and Other Significant Mental Disorders
* Psychology of Specific Criminals: Juvenile Delinquency, Serial Killers & Rampage Killers, Sex Offenders; Thrill Seeking criminals: Joy Riders, Hackers, Thrill Killers

**Unit II** **Psychological Assessment and Explanation of Criminal Behaviour**

* Crime Patterns – Psychological Analysis, Psychometric Testing and Personality Assessment of Criminals
* Psychoanalytical Theory of Crime
* Humanistic Theory of Crime
* Learning Criminal Behaviour: Instrumental and Classical Conditioning, Social Learning

**Unit III Forensic Psychology: Issues and Importance**

* Forensic Psychology: Definition, Nature, Scope, Education and Training.
* Application of Psychology in Prisons and Courts.
* Forensic psychology in India
* Ethical & legal issues in Forensic Psychology Practice

**Unit IV**  **Investigation and Assessment in Forensic Psychology**

* Crime Scene Analysis and Investigation
* Criminal Profiling
* Investigative interviewing: Interviewing vulnerable witnesses, Interviewing suspects
* Psycho-neurological Instruments Used to Assess Criminal Behaviour: Brain Imaging Techniques, Polygraph, Narco Analysis, Plethysmograph Testing

**Suggested Readings**

* Bartal Curt R. 1999, Criminal Behavior: A Psychosocial Approach 5th Edition, Prebtuce Hall, New Delhi.
* Clapp. Generieve, 1972, abnormal Psychology, Communications Research Machines. Inc.
* Criminal Justice and Behavior: An international journal – International Association for Correction and Forensic Psychology Sage Publications.
* Fernald L. Dodge, Fernald Peter S, 2005, Introduction to Psychology, ATBS Pub. Delhi.
* Kaul, Satyendra K and Zaidi, Mohd.H., 2008, Narco Analysis, Brain Mapping, Hypnosis and Lie Detector Tests in interrogation of suspects.
* Morgan Clifford T, King Richard A, Weissz. John R, Schopler John 1986, Introduction to Psychology, 7th Edition Tata Mc Graw Hill Publications.
* Nunnally Jurn C. Jr., 1970, Introduction to Psychological measurement, Mc.Grew Hil Book Company.

***CCJA-204 Paper IV Penology and Correctional Administration***

**Unit-I: Introduction to Penology**

* Penology: Definition, Nature and Scope
* Punishment: Definition, Nature and Scope and Types
* Theories of Punishment: Retributive Theory, Preventive Theory, Deterrence Theory and Reformation Theory
* Evolution of Correctional Philosophy – Medical Model & Rehabilitation Model

**Unit-II Corrections: Acts, Procedures and Rules**

* Prisons Act, Prisoners Act, Transfer of Prisoners Act, Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection) Act, 2000
* Uttar Pradesh Prison Manual
* Various Prison Reforms Committees and Commissions
* Model Prison Manual and U.N. Standard Minimum Rules for Treatment of Prisoners

**Unit-III Institutional Corrections**

* Institutionalization; Prisonization: Meaning and purpose- Prison sub-culture- Prison Routine- Prison Adalat
* Classification System of Correctional Institutions: Adult Institutions, Juvenile Institutions, Women Institutions, Open Prisons.
* Features of Good Correctional Administration; Guidelines for Official Prison Visitors
* Reformation and Rehabilitation Programs: Counselling Programs, Vocational Training Programs, Educational Programs and Recreational Programs

**Unit-IV Community Based Corrections**

* Probation: Concept and Scope of Probation in India
* Probation of Offenders Act: Probation Procedures: Pre-sentence Investigation Report
* Revocation of Probation Etc
* Parole: Meaning and Scope; Parole – Provisions and Rules – After Care Services
* Alternative Community based Correctional Approaches in other Countries

**Suggested Readings**

* Ahmed Siddique, 1993. Criminology, Problems and Perspectives, III Edn., Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
* Bhattacharya S.K., 1986, Probation system in India, Manas Publications, New Delhi.
* Devasia, V.D & Leelamma Devasia, 1992. Criminology, Victimology and Corrections, S.B.Mangia for Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi.
* Ghosh, S., 1992, Open Prisons and the Inmates, Mittal Publications, New Delhi.
* Goswami, B.K. 1980, Critical Study of Criminology and Penology, Allahabad Agency, Allahabad.
* Mulla Committee Report on Prison Reforms, 1983. Govt. Of India.
* Naresh Kumar, 1986, Constitutional Rights of Prisoners, Mittal Publishers, New Delhi.
* Paranjepe, N.V., 2002, Criminology and Penology, Central Law Publications, Allahabad.

***CCJA- 205 Paper V Research Methodology***

**UNIT I Nature of Research**

* Social research with special reference to Criminology: Nature, Characteristics and Scope
* Types of Social Research
* Steps in Social Research
* Methods of Social Research: Induction, Deduction, Qualitative, Quantitative and Participatory Research

**UNIT II** **Research Design and Sampling**

* Hypothesis: Concept, Types and Significance
* Research Design: Concept, Meaning, Definition and Types
* Sampling: Concept, Definition, Purpose and Types
* Sources of Data Collection: Field and Documentary: Primary and Secondary

**UNIT III Tools and Methods of Data Collection**

* Tools of Data Collection: Interview Guide, Interview Schedule, Questionnaire, Observation Guide, Pre-Testing
* Methods of Data Collection: Interview, Questionnaire, Observation and Case Study, Pilot Study
* Projective Technique
* Measurement and Scaling

**Unit IV Processing, Analysis and Report Writing**

* Processing of Data: Editing, Coding, Classification and tabulation
* Analysis and Interpretation of Data
* Report Writing
* Research Proposal

**Suggested Readings**

* A. N. Singh, 2013, Statistics, New Royal book Company, New Delhi
* C.R.Kothari, 2013, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques (3rd Ed) . New Age International Pvt Ltd Publishers.
* Choudhary, CM, 1998, Research Methodology, Subline Publications, Jaipur.
* Gokhale, Neela, 2007, Research Methodology in Criminology, Shree Publishers and Distributors.
* Goode, William J. and Paul K. Hatt: Methods in Social Research, Surjeet Publications, New Delhi, 2006.
* Gupta S.P., Gupta Archana, 2005, Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
* Maxfield Michael G, 2001, Research Methods for Criminal Justice & Criminology Wadswroth/Thomas Learning.
* Pannerselvam R, 2004 Research Methodology Prentice Hall of India.
* Ranjit Kumar 2011, Research Methodology: A Step- By-Step Guide for Beginners 3rd Edition. Sage publication: India
* Sellitz Clasure, Jahoda. Marie, Deutseh Morton Cook W. Strart, 1959, Research Methods in Social Sciences, Holt, Rinehart and Winston.
* Thakur, Devendra, 2003, Research Methodology in Social Sciences, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi.
* Verma S.P., 2007, Practical Approach to Research Methodology, Akansha Publishing House, Delhi.

**2nd Year**

**Semester III**

***CCJA-301 Paper I Introduction to Human Rights***

**Unit-I** **Concepts, Theories, History and Classification of Human Rights**

* Human Rights: Meaning, Nature and Definition
* Historical Development of Human Rights: Magna Carta, British Bill of Rights, French and American Declarations, International Bill of Rights, Human Rights in India
* Classification of Rights- Moral, Social, Cultural, Economic, Civil, and Political, Moral Rights and Legal Rights, Corresponding Duty and Justification of Rights, Negative and Positive Rights
* Three Generations of Human Rights

**UNIT-II** **Indian Perspectives on Human Rights**

* Indian Constitution and Human Rights: Preamble of Constitution, Meaning: Rule of law, Due Process of law, Relationship between Rights and Duties
* Fundamental Rights: PART III of The Constitution, Directive Principles of State Policy – Part IV of Constitution, Fundamental Duties Enshrined In The Indian Constitution
* Growth of PIL in India.-Types of Writs – Writ jurisdiction under Article 32 and 226 of The Indian Constitution
* National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) in India, State Human Rights Commissions in India & Human Rights NGOs.

**UNIT III** **The International and Regional Bill Of Rights**

* Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948
* International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966
* Core International Human Rights Treaties
* The American Declaration of the Rights and Duties of Man, European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms (1950), African Charter of Human and People's Rights (1981)

**UNIT-IV** **International Organisations and Human Rights**

* The UN Organs and Human Rights, The General Assembly, The Security Council, The Economic and Social Council, Commission on Human Rights
* Other Relevant Councils and Commissions, Other Relevant UN Courts and Tribunals
* UNESCO, ILO
* Charter-based bodies, Treaty-based bodies, Universal Periodic Review

***Suggested Readings***

* Awasthi, S.K., 2004, Law relating to Protection of Human Rights, Orient Publishing Co., Allahabad.
* Deshta, Sunil, 2003, Fundamental Human Rights, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi
* Giriraj Shah and NK Gupta, 2001`, Human Rights Free and Equal, Anmol Publications, New Delhi
* Gupta, D.N, 2003, Human Rights, Kalpaz Publications, Delhi
* Mathur, K.M, 1996, Crime, Human Rights, National Security, Gyan Publishing House, New Delhi
* S K Kapoor, 2014, 6th Edition. Human Rights Under International Law & Indian Law. Central Law Agency: Allahabad
* Symondides, Janus, 2003, Human Rights, Rawat Publications, Jaipur
* Taylor and Francis, 1996, Encyclopaedia of Human Rights, Washington.
* V. R. Krishna Iyer, 1999, The Dialectics and Dynamics Of Human Rights In India(Yesterday, Today And Tomorrow) Eastern Law House
* Videh Upadhyay, 2007, Public Interest Litigation In India: Concepts, Cases Concerns. LexisNexis: India

***CCJA-302 Paper II* *Rights of Vulnerable Groups***

**UNIT I** **Women and Children Rights and Violations**

* Rights of Women: Women’s Rights in India - CEDAW
* Violation of Women’s Rights: Female Infanticide -Female Genital Mutilation, Dowry, Rape, Domestic violence, Eve Teasing, Sexual Harassment, Molestation, Pornography
* Rights of Children: Child Rights in India – Overview of the Convention on the Rights of the Child 1989
* Violation of Child Rights: Child Abuse - Violations against Street Children- Trafficking of Children

**UNIT II SC/STs Rights and Violations**

* SC/ST Rights in India
* Discrimination in Public Access
* Forms of Atrocities against Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes.
* Reservation policy and welfare programmes related to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes

**UNIT III** **Backwards class and Minorities Rights and Violations**

* Rights of Backward Class in India
* Rights of Minorities: Constitutional Rights and Safeguards provided to minorities - Senior Citizen Rights- Rights of Transgender and Homosexuals
* Violations of Backward Class & Minority Rights: Discrimination and Harassment, Social and Communal Conflicts, Marginalized Groups.
* Role of National Commission for Backward Class in Protection of OBCs Rights- Role of National Commission for Minorities

**UNIT IV** **Disability Rights and Violation**

* Meaning and Definition of Disability
* Social, Medical and Human Rights of persons with disabilities.
* Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act 1995- UN Convention on Rights of Person with Disabilities (UNCRPD)
* Discrimination, Harassment and Exclusion of Disability

***Suggested Readings***

* Disability Rights Handbook, 2008, Published by: Disability Alliance; 33rd Revised edition edition.
* Dr. S. Mehartaj Begum (Ed), 2000, Human Rights In India: Issues And Perspectives, APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi
* Mamta Rajawat, 2006, Human Rights and Dalits. Anmol Publications. Bangalore/Delhi
* Meenakshi Poonia & Virender S. Poonia, 2011, Women And Human Rights In India. Sonali Publications:Delhi
* Neha Arora, 2012, Human Rights and Gender Violence. Rbsa Publisher: Rajasthan
* P.K. Shinde, 2005, Dalits and Human Rights: Security and Rights Implications. (New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House,
* Prakash Louis, 2013, Rights of Minorities in Inda. Neha Publisher & Distributors: Bangalore
* Sailen Debnath, 2012, Human Rights In The Context Of Caste Class And Gender In India . Abhijeet Publication; 1 edition
* Satnam Singh, 2011, Dalit & Human Rights in Modern India. Rbsa Publishers: Jaipur
* Shweta , 2011, Child Rights in India: Law, Policy and Practice . Arise Publishers & Distributors

***CCJA-303 Paper III Crime Analysis***

**UNIT I** **Basics of Crime Analysis**

* Fundamentals of Crime Analysis
* Theoretical foundations of crime analysis
* Scope and process of crime analysis
* Applied applications of crime analysis in law enforcement

**UNIT II** **Different Techniques of Crime Analysis**

* Behavioural Analysis of Crime, Predictive Analysis and Neighbourhood Analysis
* Intelligence Analysis, Geographic Profiling Analysis, SARA Technique and Demographic Analysis
* Tactical Crime Analysis, Strategic Crime Analysis and Administrative Crime Analysis
* Analysis by Time and Space: Crime as a pattern of events arrayed in time and space; Mapping as way of analyzing events arrayed in time and space

**UNIT III** **Use of Research in Crime Analysis**

* Applied Research Methods
* Use of Police Data and Statistics and Crime Data Mining
* Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis
* Hypothesis Testing Analysis

**UNIT IV** **Technology and Skills in Crime Analysis**

* Use of Web Technology; Use of IT tools in crime analysis (data, databases, software) -Crime Statistics
* Critical Thinking Skills: Problem Oriented Policing and Problem Solving Techniques
* Crime Mapping: Use of GIS in Crime; Understanding Hotspots, Hotspot Analysis
* Content and structure of a crime analysis report: Effective report writing, presentations and charts

**Suggested Readings**

* International Association of Crime Analysts, 2008, Exploring Crime Analysis: Second Edition. Overland Park, KS: IACA.
* Boba Santos, Rachel, 2012, Crime Analysis with Crime Mapping. Sage Publications, Inc. Thousand Oaks, CA
* Colleen McCue, 2006. Data Mining and Predictive Analysis: Intelligence Gathering and Crime Analysis, Butterworth-Heinemann Ltd

***CCJA-304 Paper IV (a) Introduction to Police***

**Unit-I**  **Police Administration in India**

* History of Police and Policing in Modern India (1857 onwards), Role of Police in Independent India, Constitutional provisions regarding policing in India
* Police Administration Principles: Superintendence, Span of control, delegation of authority, unity of command
* Types of Police Organization: Central Police Organizations, State Police Civil Police. Armed and other branches. International Co-operation in Police: International Criminal Police Organization
* Management of Manpower, Management of Police Station, Supply and provisions part in Police station

**Unit-II** **Police** **Training, Recruitment and Present Scenario**

* An introduction to police recruitment and training, Police Act of 1861 – Recent State enactments
* Police Reforms in Independent India since 3rd National Police Commission Recommendations (NPC), 1979: State Police Reform Commission, 3rd National Police Commission Report , Police Report in 1990s: Padmanabaiah Committee Report, NH Vohra Committee Report, PIL by Sh. Prakash Singh (Ex DGP, BSF),Gore Committee report
* On job Training (In-service trg.)
* Present Scenario-Short comings- Complaint redress value, ethics in Policing, How training can shape better police-community relations

**Unit-III** **Police Community Relationships and New Approaches in Policing**

* Police Community Relation: Community Policing, Developing healthy Police Public relationship
* An Introduction to Police public relations in India and abroad :Peace Committee , FOP, Village Police system , Koban (Japan) , Police Board (UK) ,Sheriff (USA mode)
* Recent approaches in Policing: Community Oriented Policing, Problem oriented Policing, Evidence based approach in policing, an introduction to Proactive Policing and Team Policing, Tactics in Policing
* Use of technology in policing

**Unit-IV** **Powers, duties and emerging challenges in Policing**

* Executive powers and duties of police officers in the investigation of crime (with special emphasis on Cr.Pc. provisions), Standing Orders in policing.
* Internal and external challenges in policing; Depiction of Police in Media: Print and Visual media, Modernization of Policing, Changes in Public and Political Attitudes towards Police
* Police Image, Police Corruption, Police and Human Rights, Terrorism and Fundamentalism
* Dimensions of Police accountability in India: Courts, Executive Magistrates ,State Government, CAO, Citizens/ Community, Programmes for redressing Public grievances, Police Complaints Authorities

***Suggested Readings***

* Rohit Choudhary, 2009, Policing... Reinvention Strategies in a Marketing Frame-Work. New Delhi: Sage Publication
* Diaz, S.M., 1976, New Dimensions to the Police Role and Functions in India, Published by the National Police Academy, Hyderabad
* Krishna Mohan Mathur, 1994, Indian Police, Role and Challenges, Gyan Publishing House , New Delhi
* Lab, S., 2000, Crime Prevention: Approaches, Practices and Evaluations. Anderson Publishing Company.
* Nehad Ashraf, 1992, Police and Policing in India, Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi
* Parmar M.S., 1992, Problems of Police Administration, Reliance Publishing House, New Delhi.

***CCJA-305 IV (b) Juvenile Justice***

**Unit I** **Introduction**

* + Definition Nature and Forms of Juvenile Delinquency
  + Beijing Rules-Riyadh Guidelines
  + UNCRC
  + National Policy for Children
  + History of Juvenile Legislations in India

**Unit II** **Juvenile Justice System**

* Salient features of JJ Act 2000 and Amended Act 2006. Model rules
* CWCs and JJBs
* Institutions for Juveniles/children
* The role of police with reference to children – SJPU, Child Welfare Officer
* Role of NGOs in handling juveniles.

**Unit III** **Children in Need of Care and Protection**

* Destitute: Trauncy and Vagrancy
* Child Abuse-physical, Psychological and Sexual
* Child Trafficking
* Children in Disturbed Areas-Identity, Livelihood

**Unit IV** **Children in Conflict with Law**

* Youth Deviance-Recent Trends-Pornography, MMS, Date Rapes Ragging Sexual Harassment.
* Youth Violence-State Response-State Violence
* Juvenile Gangs, Status Offence
* Youth Alienation and Crimes

**Unit V** **Intervention Strategies**

* Counseling
* Restoration/Repatriation of Children
* After-Care, Adoption, Foster Care & Sponsorship
* Issues and Problems in Reintegration.

***Suggested Readings***

* Ahuja, Ram 2000, Criminology, Rawat Publication.
* Basu Durga Das, 2005 Introduction in Constitutions of India, 19th Edn. Wdhwa and company Law Publishers
* Bhattacharya, Sunil K, 2000, Juvenile Justice, Regency Publications.
* Gupta M.C, 2001, Child victims of crime, Gyan Publishing House.
* Les John, 2002, Crime and Modernity, Sage Publications.
* Paranjape, N.V, 2009, Criminology and Penology, Central Law Publications.
* Qadri, S.M.A, 2005, Criminology, Eastern Book Company
* Reports by the International Conventions and UN Declaration.
* Ried Sue Titus, 2006, Crime and Criminology, Mc Graw Hill.
* The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act 2000.

***CCJA-306 Paper IV (C) Human Rights and Criminal Justice System***

**UNIT I** **Human Rights and Police**

* Human Rights in Policing: Rights of arrested, accused persons- Rights of person under preventive detention.
* Law enforcement and Human Rights(HRs) Violations: Illegal detention and Torture in custody – Fake Encounter Killing
* Benefits of practicing in Human Rights in Policing  UN Convention Against Torture- Code of Conduct for Law Enforcement Officers

**UNIT II** **Human Rights and Judiciary**

* Human Rights in Court: Right to bail- Bail on personal bond – other instances where bail must be granted
* Right guaranteed for a fair trial - Free Legal Aid
* Cases to be tried by women judges- In camera trial
* Writ of habeas corpus – Right to Appeal

**UNIT III** **Human Rights and Correctional Administration**

* Human Rights in Correctional Administration: Rights of Prisoners- Rights of Juveniles in Conflict with Law in India
* Human rights violations in prisons: Problem of under-trial prisoners in rights perspective
* Human rights accountability of custodial and correctional staff
* United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners

**UNIT IV** **Human Rights of Victims**

* United Nations Declaration on the Basic Principles of Justice to Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power, 1985- A human rights perspective
* Rights of victims and witness : Representation by a lawyer of choice- Recording statement of rape victim - Right to appeal by the victim
* Rights based treatment of victims in the administration of justice
* Compensation to Victims of crime and abuse of power : When a person is a victims of police brutality – When a person is victim someone other than the police; Victim compensation scheme - Sec 357 A CrPC

**Suggested Readings**

* Batra Manjula, 1989, Protection of Human Rights in Criminal Justice Administration, Deep and Deep Publications.
* Bellari Uma Devi, 2012, Arrest, Detention and Criminal Justice System: A Study in the Context of the Constitution of India, Oxford University Press
* Handbook of Human Rights & Criminal Justice in India, 2010, 3rd Edition, SAHRDC Oxford University Press
* Kaul, Jawahar L, 1995, Human Rights: Issues and Perspectives, Regency Publications
* Manoj Kumar Sinha, 2013, Implementation of Basic Human Rights. Lexisn Nexis Publisher : India
* P K Barman & A Rajak, 2013, Human Rights in India: Problems and Prospects. New Academic Publishers
* Palai Arun Kumar, 1999, National Human Rights Commission: Formation, Functioning and Future Prospects, Atlantie Publishers and Distributors.
* Thailgaraj, R, 2002, Human Rights and Criminal Justice Administration, A.P.H Publishing House.
* The Constitution of India (Bare Act), 2008, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
* Vadackumchery, J., 2012, U.N. Universal Declaration of Human Right and Criminal Justice. Concept Publishing Company
* Videh Upadhyay, 2007, Public Interest Litigation In India: Concepts, Cases Concerns. LexisNexis: India

**Semester IV**

***CCJA-401 Paper I VICTIMOLOGY***

**Unit –I** **Introduction to Victimology**

* Definition: Victim, Victimization and Victimology; Historical Development of Victimology
* Key Concepts in Victimology: Victimogenesis, Victim Precipitation, Victim Blaming, Victim Vulnerability, Victimization Proneness, Victim Response, Victimless crimes, Abuse of power, Victim Assistance, PTSD, Psychological Impact of victimization
* Typology of Victims: Beniamim Mendelsohn- Hans Von Hantig; Selling and Wolfgang Typology of Victims: Primary Victimization- Secondary Victimization, Tertiary Victimization, -Mutual Victimization – No Victimization; Special category of victims: Child Abuse Victims , Victims of Domestic Violence, Victims of Elder Abuse
* Theories of Victimology : Victim precipitation Model- Routine Activity Approach – Situated Transaction Model

**Unit –II National and international concern for Victims of crime**

* U.N. Declaration on Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power (1985); Guide for Policy Makers- Handbook of Justice for Victims
* World Society of Victimology, Human Rights Watch, CHRI, UNHRC
* National Concerns for Victims of Crime: Indian Society of Victimology –SASCV Victim support by NHRC- Legal Amendments related to Victims Concern.
* State Initiatives and Crime Victims: AWPS,-Emergency response services to victims Coordination with NGOs – State Victim Assistance Fund

**Unit-III** **Criminal Justice System and Victims**

* CJS and Victim relationship: Victim & Police ; Victim as Witness
* Role of Judiciary in Justice for victims, Victim’s Participation in Justice Process
* Secondary Victimization by the Criminal Justice System and the Society
* Creating awareness among the Criminal Justice Professionals and the Public on Victim issues.

**Unit-IV** **Victim Assistance**

* Provisions for victim assistance: Types of Victim Assistance ; Restitution - Compensation for Victims of Crime and abuse of power - Victim Compensation-Sec 357 CrPC and its amendments; Solatium Fund
* Role of Citizens and Voluntary Organizations in Victims Assistance: Preventing Victimization – Awareness Creation –Crisis Response - Assisting victims during crime investigation and trial - Legal aid to victims of crime
* Post Victimization Counseling : Counselling, guidance and rehabilitation of special kinds of victims of crime and child abuse, Police Station Counselling
* National Organization for Victim Assistance (NOVA), USA - Victim Witness Assistance Programs (V W A) - Introduction to Restorative Justice System

**Suggested Readings**

* G.S.Bajpai, 2012, Criminal Justice System Reconsidered: Victim & Witness Perspective. Serial Paublication: New Delhi
* Parsonage, William H, 1979, Perspectives on Victimology, Sage Publications
* Prakash Talwar, 2006, Victimology. Isha Books Publishers: New Delhi
* Singh Makkar, S.P, 1993, Global perspectives in Victimology, ABC Publications, Jalandar.
* V.N.Parajape, 2012, Criminology & Penology with Victimology. Central Law Publications: Allahabad
* V.N.Rajan, 1995), Victimology in India: Perspectives beyond Frontiers. APH Publishers: New Delhi
* V.N.Rajan, 1995, . Victimology in India. APH Publishers: New Delhi

***CCJA-402 Paper II Crime Prevention and Management***

**Unit I Introduction**

* Conceptual Definition of Crime prevention
* History of crime prevention, Primary, Secondary and Tertiary crime prevention
* Prevention of various types of crimes
* Educational programs, training and assistance; Recidivism; Fear of Crime

**Unit II Methods of Crime prevention**

* Punitive methods, Defence methods, intervention method, mechanical method, mass method, clinical method, group relations’ method,
* Environmental design.
* Reducing first offenders and recidivism.

**Unit III Crime prevention and Crime Prevention Organisation**

* + Crime Prevention by Police – Police Information Centres.
  + Community Policing, Intervention programs,
  + Patrolling and Beats, Intelligence, Surveillance; mediation in courts

**Unit IV Contemporary Programs**

* + Public relations campaign, Potential Victim protection
  + Demotivating potential offenders
  + Socialization of youth at risk
  + Programs aimed at slums and bad family situations
  + Programs to reduce school failure

***Suggestive Readings***

* Atri, Parvesh K, 1998, Dynamics of Crime Prevention and Criminology, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.
* Bawa P.S., 1989, Policing for people, Rupa and Co.
* Hughes Gordon, Mc Laughlir Engene, Muncie John, 2002, Crime Prevention and Community Safety, New Directions, Sage Publications Ltd.
* Jeffery, e. Ray, 1971, Crime Prevention though Environmental design, Sage Publications. Inc.
* Paranjape NV, 2009, Criminology and Penology, Central Law Publications, Allahabad, UP
* Ramanujam T, 1992, Prevention and Detection of Crime, Madras Book Agency
* Reid Sue Titus, 2006, Crime and Criminology-Mc Graw Hill Publishers.

***CCJA-403 Paper III FORENSIC SCIENCE***

**Unit I**   **Introduction**

* Definition, Nature and Purpose of Forensic Science
* Functions of the Forensic Science Laboratories
* Techniques for investigation of crime

**Unit II Divisions of Forensic Science**

* Forensic Chemistry and Toxicology
* Finger Print, Forensic Ballistics, Hand Writting
* Forensic aspects of arson and explosion
* DNA Test, Narco Test and Brain Mapping
* Documentation Examination
* Voice Pattern Analysis

**Unit III Introduction of Forensic Medicine**

* Definition of Forensic Medicine
* Medico-legal evidence
* Identification of living and dead

**Unit IV Wounds**

* Definition
* Medico-legal importance
* Suicidal, accidental and homicidal wounds

***Suggested Readings***

* Bridges, B.B. August Velma & M Moner, 2000, Criminal Investigation, Practical Fingerprinting Thumb impressions, Handwriting expert testimony, Opinion Evidence, The University Book Agency, Allahabad.
* Nabar, B.S., 2007, Forensic Science in Crime Investigation, 3rd Edition, Asia Law House, Hyderabad.
* Parikh C.K, Parikh’s Text Book of Medical Jurisprudence, Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, 6th Edition.
* Sharma B.R, 2007, Forensic Science in Criminal Investigation and Trials Universal Law Pub. Co. Pvt. Ltd
* Sharma J,D, 1998 Forensic Science and Toxicology, Lawyers Home, Indore
* Siegel jay A, 2007, Forensic Science, the babies, Taylor and Francis group
* Subrahmanyam BV, 2004, Modi’s Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology, 11th Edition, Liexis Nexis Buternooths Publications.

***CCJA-404 Paper IV (a)******Cyber Crime and Cyber Laws***

**Unit I Technology an Law**

1. Basic Concept of Technology and Law

* Scope of Cyber Laws
* Cyber Jurisprudence

1. Understanding Electronic Contracts

* The Indian Law of Contract
* Types of Electronic Contracts

**Unit II IPR in Cyber Space**

1. Copyright in Information Technology

* Copyright in Internet, Software Piracy, Multimedia and Copyright issues

1. Patents

* Indian and position International on computer related patents

1. Trademarks

* Trademark Law in India
* Infringement and Passing off

**Unit III Information Technology ACT, 2000**

* Digital Signature and E-Governance
* Regulation of Certifying Authorities
* Offence under the Act, Penalities and Adjudication
* Making the Rules and regulations

**Unit IV Cyber Crime and Cyber Law**

1. Understanding Cyber Crime

* Crime in context of Internet
* Types of Crime in Internet

1. Indian Penal Law & Cyber crime

* Fraud, Hacking, Mischief, Trespass, Defamation, Stalking, Spam

1. Issues of Internet Governance

* Freedom of Expression on Internet, Issue of Censorship, Hate Speech, Sedition, Libel, Subversion, Privacy Issue, International Position on Fire Speech in internet

***Suggested Readings***

* Douglas Cruise, 2002, The Business of Private Investigations, Texas: Thomas Investigative Publications.
* Nabar, B.S., 2007, Forensic Science in Crime Investigation, 3rd Edition, Asia Law House, Hyderabad.
* Nehad Ashraf, 1992, Police and Policing in India, Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi.
* Ramanujam T, 1992, Prevention and Detection of Crime, Madras Book Agency
* Sharma B.R, 2007, Forensic Science in Criminal Investigation and Trials Universal Law Pub. Co. Pvt. Ltd.

***CCJA-405 Paper IV (C) Investigation and Detection of Crime***

**UNIT I Basics of Investigation**

* Foundations and Various Investigation agencies
* Legal Issues in Investigation
* Techniques of Interviews & Interrogation: Do’s & Don’ts during interrogation/format of writing of interrogation report
* Follow-up Investigative Processes: Identification of Criminal Suspects; Criminal Intelligence and surveillance operations; Management of Informants and Undercover Operations

**UNIT II Scene of Crime and Use of Forensic Tools**

* The Crime Scene: Field Notes, Documenting and Reporting
* Sketch drawing of scene of crime, evidentiary value of photography, use of audio, video and CCTV
* Physical clues with regard to various offences: Guidelines for collection of physical clues.
* Use of forensic tools in Investigation and Identification of an Individual: Fingerprints, Footprints, Superimposition and odontology.

**UNIT III Investigation of Traditional Crimes**

* Medical Jurisprudence and Homicide Investigation
* Investigation of body offences and rape : Medical examination and recording of statements of victims, accused and witnesses; collection of evidence; guidelines to deal with missing persons; investigation of kidnapping and abduction cases; hostage negotiation
* Investigation of property offences: Modus operandi; police station records; importance of crime maps; property recovery; intelligence collection and use of scientific aids
* Investigation of Traffic accident cases: Investigation/Collection of evidence including tier/skid marks in road accident cases, traffic accident scene management.

**UNIT IV Investigation of Contemporary Crimes**

* Investigation of Economic Offences: SOP for Investigation of cases of forgery, Cheating and Misappropriation, Investigation of ATM Card, Credit Card/ Debit Card Frauds.
* Investigation of Organised Crimes: Investigation of cases related to land mafia, illegal Fire arms smuggling, Contract Killing (Supari), Human Organ Trading, Human Trafficking , Bonded Labour , Drug trafficking.
* Investigation of Cyber Crime Cases: Steps and tools/softwares for tracing and investigation of cyber crimes; procedure for investigation in social networking site; technical surveillance- tracing criminals through cell-phone; internet interceptions; forensic analysis of evidences
* Investigation of Terrorism & Arson cases: Various forms of terrorism and modus operandi; psychological profiling of a terrorist; investigation of post blast cases; intelligence collection; lifting of evidence from SOC in arson cases

***Suggestive Readings***

* Douglas Cruise, 2002, The Business of Private Investigations, Texas: Thomas Investigative Publications.
* Nabar, B.S. 2007, Forensic Science in Crime Investigation, 3rd Edition, Asia Law House, Hyderabad.
* Nehad Ashraf, 1992, Police and Policing in India, Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi.
* Ramanujam T, 1992, Prevention and Detection of Crime, Madras Book Agency
* Sharma B.R, 2007, Forensic Science in Criminal Investigation and Trials Universal Law Pub. Co. Pvt. Ltd.

***CCJA-406 Paper IV (C) Security Management***

**UNIT I** **General Security**

* Introduction to Security- Concepts of security; Overview of Security Industry- Contemporary security issue, Theory and Design of Security Systems
* Security management/Managing the Threats: Security Surveys, Audits, Risk Analysis Effective Implementation of Security Operations
* Physical Security Process: Factors influencing physical security process, Security Areas: Exclusion Area, Limited Area and Control Area
* Barrier Systems – Physical Security Barriers: Natural Barriers, Structural Barriers, Human Barriers, Animal Barriers and Energy Barriers. Security devices: Alarm devices, CCTV, Security Patrol Access Control, and Crime Scene Protection

**UNIT II** **Risk Management**

* Concepts and theories of risk, Intelligence analysis, Restrictive or open-sourced intelligence gathering
* Developing a risk assessment plan, Reporting risk assessment findings Standardizing reports
* Evaluating security countermeasures, , Event analysis, Awareness training, Identifying areas of vulnerability
* Personnel and equipment, Quality control, Assessing the vulnerability of facilities, Applying and integrating risk management

**UNIT III** **Crisis Management and Professional Communication**

* Crisis management planning; Emergency Reactions- Bomb Threats - Fire and Safety -Workplace Safety - Substance Abuse-General Safety Awareness
* Crisis control areas ;Incident investigation and reporting
* Applying resource management; Understanding the role of human error
* Professional Communication during crisis situations - Internal and external communication, Written Communication- Report Writing; Developing communication skills: Negotiating, Public speaking

**UNIT IV** **Specific Security Systems and Specialization in Security**

* Specific Security systems: Hotel Security, Hospital security, Airport security, Product security, Event Security and Personal security; Industrial Security – Safety Practices, Loss and Prevention
* Specialized Functions of Security: Guarding Commercial and Industrial Sites- High Profile and Special Assignments- Executive Protection- Security Supervision; Role of Police in Specific Security Systems
* Proprietary Security: Management and Supervisory Opportunities- Internal Consultation
* Other Specializations: Risk management, Event Management, Emergency Planning, Protection of business assets, Fire Fighting and Installation of First Aid, Private military companies and security consultants

**Suggested Readings**

* Sabharwal, O.P., 2006, Security Management, Alpha Publications, New Delhi
* Robert R. J. Gallati, 2011, Introduction to Private Security. Prentice Hall: Pennsylvania State University
* Karl C. Poulin, Charles P. Nemeth, 2004, Private Security and Public Safety: A Community-Based Approach. Pearson Prentice Hall